

PAGE 4: B.1) ABOUT YOU

Q1: COUNTRY	COMOROS
Q2: ABOUT YOU	
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Q3: CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply) :	Chambers of commerce / Ministry of agriculture/Ministry of transport

PAGE 6: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q4: Do you have Aid-for-Trade priorities?	Yes	

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Q5: Please indicate your Aid-for-Trade prioritiesBelow are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the 12 listed .(1 being the most important)		
WTO accession	1	
Trade facilitation	3	
Network infrastructure (power, water, telecommunications)	4	
Competitiveness	2	
Adjustment costs	5	

Q6: Additional information.

Regional integration / adjustment of transport infrastructure costs

PAGE 8: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

Q7: Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since 2012?	Yes
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PAGE 9: C.2) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID FOR TRADE PRIORITIES

Q8: What are the top 3 drivers of these changes? (Please choose no more than 3 options)	New development priorities, Regional integration, Competitiveness objectives
Q9: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q10: Have these changes been reflected in your national development strategy?	Yes
Q11: Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with development partners?	Yes
Q12: Is trade facilitation reflected as a priority in your national or regional development policy?	Yes

PAGE 10: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q13: In which existing policy document(s) can trade facilitation be found as a priority? (You may tick more than one box)	National trade strategy, National sectoral strategy(ies), Regional trade agreement, Other (please specify) EDIC update in 2015
Q14: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 11: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q15: Is trade facilitation included in new draft policy Yes documents currently being updated and formulated?

PAGE 12: C.2.) YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q16: Please indicate in which new draft policy documents, currently being updated or formulated, trade facilitation is included:	National sectoral strategy(ies), National infrastructure development strategy, Regional development strategy
Q17: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 14: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q18: How important are trade costs for the competitiveness of your exports?	Very important	
Q19: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	
Q20: Do your national policies address the issue of trade costs for exports?	Yes	

PAGE 15: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q21: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for exports ?	National development strategy, National trade strategy, Sector specific strategies (e.g. agriculture, etc.)
Q22: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

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Q23: How important are trade costs for access to imports?	Very important

Q24: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 17: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q25: Do national policies address the issue of trade Yes costs for imports?

PAGE 18: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q26: Which document(s) address(es) the issue of trade costs for imports?	National development strategy, National trade strategy, Sector specific strategies (e.g. agriculture, etc.)
Q27: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 19: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q28: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of merchandise goods? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Border procedures (trade facilitation), Tariffs, fees and other charges,
	Non-Tariff Measures (including standards),
	Transport infrastructure,
	Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms),
	Access to trade finance
Q29: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 20: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q30: What are the most important sources of trade costs for the export of services? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms), Transport infrastructure (e.g. for tourism),
	Poor regulatory environment for services,
	Low levels of skills in service sectors
Q31: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 21: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q32: In which regional markets to which you export merchandise goods and services do you face the highest trade costs? (Please select no more than 5 regions)	North America, Western Europe, East Asia, South Asia, East Africa
Q33: Indicate your home region.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 22: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q34: FOR MERCHANDISE GOODS: For the markets which you have identified as the highest cost, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 option)	Border procedures (trade facilitation), Tariffs, fees and other charges, Non-Tariff Measures (including standards), Transport infrastructure, Network infrastructure (ICT, power, telecoms), Access to trade finance
Q35: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q36: FOR SERVICES: For the markets which you have identified as the highest costs, why are trade costs high? (You may choose more than 1 options)	Respondent skipped this question
Q37: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 23: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q38: How have your trade costs evolved over the past 5 years ?	Between 0-10% reduction
Q39: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 24: D.1) TRADE COSTS

Q40: Does your Government use any of the	Research with private sector,
following sources to address the issue of trade costs? (You may choose more than 1 option)	World Bank Doing Business Index,
	World Bank Logistic Performance Index,
	World Customs Organizations Time Release Study
Q41: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q42: Do you validate the results? (You may tick more than 1 box)	Yes, dialogue with private sector
Q43: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 26: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

reduce trade costs?		Q44: Is your government taking national action to reduce trade costs?	No
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PAGE 27: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q45: What national action is your government is taking ?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question
Q46: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q47: In which areas have national actions been undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than one box)	Respondent skipped this question

	Q48: Is your government engaged in regional actions to reduce trade costs?	No	
ł	PAGE 29: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS		
	Q49: Please specify (You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question	
	Q50: In which areas have regional actions been undertaken or are on-going? (You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question	
	Q51: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

PAGE 30: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q52: Is external support aligned with your national and regional needs to reduce trade costs ?	No	
Q53: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question	

PAGE 31: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q54: How is external support aligned with your needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question
Q55: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 32: E.1) REDUCING TRADE COSTS

Q56: Why is external support not aligned with your needs?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Trade costs have not been included in the dialogue with donors
	Trade costs have not been identified as an issue in the national development strategy

Q57: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
PAGE 34: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT	
Q58: What impact would implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have on the evolution of your trade costs?	Between 0-10% increase
Q59: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
PAGE 35: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT	
Q60: In which regions would the implementation of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, have the biggest impact on the trade costs you face	North America, Western Europe, Developed Asia, East Asia, South Asia,

North Africa and the Middle East, East Africa,

Southern Africa

Q61: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 36: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

? (Please choose no more than 5 options)

Q62: Do you plan to seek Aid-for-Trade support to help implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted ?	Yes, after TFA adoption
Q63: Have you undertaken a Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment?	Yes

PAGE 37: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q64: Please specify the organization(s) involved in and year(s) of each needs assessment.		
WTO	2009	
UNCTAD	2014	

Q65: Do you plan to request a new Trade Facilitation Needs Assessment or an update of an existing assessment?	No
Q66: Please specify why.	Respondent skipped this question
PAGE 39: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT	
Q67: Where might you need support to implement	To prepare category A, B, C notifications,
the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted? (You may tick more than 1 box)	To develop national implementation plans,
	To support scheduling of commitments,
	To support national ratification,
	To support implementation of specific TFA provisions
	To align support with on-going national reform programmes
PAGE 40: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT	
Q68: What difficulties do you face, or do you expect to face, in securing Aid-for-Trade support to help	Lack of information on funding opportunities,
implement the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when	Problems accessing external funds,
adopted ? (You may tick more than 1 box)	National coordination and demonstration of political will for TFA reform
	Integrating TFA implementation into on-going programmes
	Accessing regional programmes,
	Accessing global programmes

PAGE 41: F.1) TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT

Q69: Which disciplines of the Trade Facilitation Agreement, when adopted, will prove the hardest to implement and where Aid-for-Trade support should be focused?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Publication and availability of information, Comment before entry into force, Advance rulings, Appeal and review procedures,
	Border agency cooperation, Freedom of transit,
	Establishment and/or continued operation of national committee
Q70: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 43: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q71: What have been the key factors in achieving successful reductions in trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Private sector engagement and commitment,	
	Funding from development partners,	
		Alignment of donor support with national priorities
		,
		Sustained engagement of development partners,
		Sustained political engagement and commitment by national authorities
	Q72: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 44: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q73: What outputs have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Greater transparency, New or updated transport infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.) , New trade finance schemes, Creation of electronic single windows, Creation of dialogue with private sector
Q74: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 45: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q75: What outcomes have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Reduction in border clearance times, Increase in customs revenue,
	Reduction in informal payments,
	Increase in import volumes
Q76: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 46: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q77: What impacts have been achieved by actions taken to reduce trade costs? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Higher revenues for importers, Consumer welfare effects
Q78: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 47: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q79: Which types of actions have achieved the most positive results in reducing trade costs for goods and services? (Please choose no more than 7 options)	Customs reform, Tariff reforms, Upgrading transport infrastructure,
	Tariffs on product inputs (e.g. on computers for ICT services)
Q80: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 48: G.1) IMPACT: REDUCING TRADE COSTS AND INCLUSIVE, SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Q81: What contribution can reducing trade costs	Entry into new value chains,
make to the target of inclusive, sustainable growth? (Please choose no more than 7 options)	Diversification in export markets,
	Domestic private sector investment,
	Increase in imports, Consumer welfare effects

Q82: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 50: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q83: Has the alignment of Aid-for-Trade support to your national needs and priorities changed since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade Initiative in 2005?

PAGE 51: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q84: If it has improved, please specify why.(You may tick more than one box) Better dialogue with donors

PAGE 52: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q85: Why has the alignment declined?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Respondent skipped this question
Q86: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 53: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q87: What impact has the Aid-for-Trade Initiative had since it was launched in 2005?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Increase in resources available for trade development , More attention to trade issues in development,
	More priority given by national authorities to trade issues in national development planning
	More priority given by donors to trade issues in national development planning , More priority given by private sector to trade
	More priority given by NGOs to trade issues

Q88: Additional information.

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 54: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q89: What potential future contribution could the Enhanced Integrated Framework for LDCs make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose no more than 5 options)	Mainstreaming of trade issues in national policy, Engaging the private sector in national trade and development policy planning , Coherence in trade and development policy, Catalyst for Aid-for-Trade flows, Financing of catalytic actions
Q90: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q91: What potential future contribution could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative make to the post-2015 development agenda? (Please choose a maximum of 5 options)	Contribution of financing for development, Contribution to improving the business and regulatory environment , Ensuring continued attention to trade issues in development , Engaging the private sector in development issues , Making a contribution to economic growth and poverty eradication through inclusive, sustainable development
Q92: Additional information.	Respondent skipped this question
Q93: How in your view could the Aid-for-Trade Initiative be improved?	Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 55: H.1) IMPACT OF THE AID FOR TRADE INITIATIVE

Q94: Additional information on "Reducing trade costs and inclusive, sustainable growth". If there is anything you would like to add on the topic of "Reducing trade costs for inclusive, sustainable growth", which you feel has not been covered in this questionnaire, please use this box. Respondent skipped this question